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## PERSONAL NOTES.

### AMERICA.

College of New Jersey.—Dr. Winthrop M. Daniels has been appointed Assistant Professor of Political Economy at Princeton. Professor Daniels\* occupied last year a position as Instructor at Wesleyan University.

Cornell University.—Dr. Charles Henry Hull has been appointed Instructor in Political Institutions at Cornell University. Dr. Hull was born September 29, 1864, at Ithaca, N. Y., and was educated at Cornell University, taking Ph. B. in the course of History and Political Science in June, 1886. He remained as a graduate student at Cornell, occupying at the same time a post in the library, until 1890. In that year he went to Germany and studied public law and economics at Göttingen, Halle, and Berlin, a semester at each University. In 1892 he took the degree of Ph. D. at Halle. He has published "Die deutsche Reichspacketpost," Jena, 1892.

Oberlin College.—Dr. J. William Black has been appointed Associate Professor of Political Economy at Oberlin College. Dr. Black was born in Baltimore, January 31, 1866. He is a graduate of Johns Hopkins, where in 1888 he took the degree of A. B., and in 1891 that of Ph. D. During the past year 1891–92 he has occupied the position of Professor of History and Economics at Georgetown College, Georgetown, Ky. He has published "Maryland's Attitude in the Struggle for Canada" (Johns Hopkins Studies, Tenth Series, No. VII).

University of Colorado.—Dr. Lindley M. Keasbey has been appointed Professor of Political Economy and History and has entered upon his duties. Dr. Keasbey was born in 1867. He studied at Harvard, where he took the degree of A. B. in 1888. At Columbia he pursued post-graduate studies, and took the degrees of A. M. 1889 and Ph. D. 1890. The last two years he has studied at Strassburg, where he secured, 1892, the degree of R. P. D. (rerum politicarum doctor) Summa cum laude. Professor Keasbey's doctor dissertation is about to be issued as Vol. xi. of the Strassburg Seminar Series. It is entitled "Das Nicaraguische Kanalprojekt."

University of Pennsylvania,—Dr. John Quincy Adams has been elected Instructor of Political Science in the Wharton School of

<sup>\*</sup> See Annals, November, 1891, Vol. ii., 369.

Finance and Economy. He was born January 17. 1857, at Harresville, New York. Removing to Illinois in 1873, he studied at Rock River Seminary and at Wheaton College, teaching, at this time, several terms in the public schools. Later he taught seven years in the schools of Cook County, Illinois, the last five as principal of schools at Des Plaines. From 1887–89 he studied at Northwestern University, receiving the degree of B. S. in 1889. He thereupon went to Europe and studied political economy three years at Paris, Vienna, Berlin and Halle, receiving the degree of Ph. D. at Halle in 1892. His thesis was upon the House Tax of Austria, with a comparison of the same with that of Prussia, Italy and France.

Dr. Joseph Adna Hill has been appointed Lecturer on Finance in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy. He was born May 5, 1860, at Stewartstown, N. H., and prepared for Harvard at the Exeter Academy. In 1885 he took his A. B. degree at Harvard, and taught school in the following year. He pursued graduate studies in economics 1886–87 at Johns Hopkins; 1887–89 at Harvard, taking A. M. degree 1888; and 1889–92 at Berlin. In 1892 he took the degree of Ph. D. at Halle. He has written "The Prussian Income Tax" (Quarterly Journal of Economics).

Wesleyan University.—Mr. Willard C. Fisher has been appointed Associate Professor of Economics and Social Science at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn. He was born in Westerlo, N. Y., March 4, 1865, and studied in Cornell University, where he graduated (A. B.) in 1888. He was Fellow in History and Political Science at Cornell, 1888–89, and Principal of the Union School at Marathon, N. Y., 1889–90. In 1890–91, in the absence of Professor Gardiner, he had charge as Instructor of the work in Economics at Brown University. During the past year he was Fellow in Economics at Cornell, 1891–92. Professor Fisher has published "American Trade Regulations before 1789." (Papers of American Historical Association.)

### FRANCE.

Paris.—The eminent publicist and economist, Henri Joseph Leon Baudrillart, died during the past summer at Paris. Born at Paris, November 28, 1821, he was educated there, and devoted himself in the first instance to philosophic studies. His work on Bodin obtained for him the *Prix Montyon*. In 1852 he began his work at the Collège de France as substitute for Chevalier, and in 1866 he was called to the chair of the History of Political Economy, which had been established especially for him. In 1855 he succeeded Garnier as editor of the *Journal des Économistes*. He was actively engaged in editorial

work for the Journal des Debats. In 1869 he became general inspector of libraries. In 1877 he was placed in charge of an investigation into the condition of the agricultural population of France, conducted by the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences, of which he had been a member since 1863. His reports are among his most noted publications. In 1881 he was made Professor of Political Economy at the École des Ponts et Chaussées. The following list contains his principal publications:—

- "Discours sur Voltaire." Paris, Lavitte, 1844.
- "Turgot." Revue des deux Mondes, 1844.
- "Jean Bodin et son temps." Paris, Guillaumin, 1853.
- "Manuel d'économie politique." First èd., Paris, Guillaumin, 1857. Fifth ed. in 1885.
- "Études de philosophie morale et d'économie politique." Paris, Guillaumin, 1858.
- "Des rapports de la morale et d'économie politique." Paris, Guillaumin, 1860. Second ed., revised and enlarged, with the title "Philosophie de l'économie politique," 1883.
- "Publicistes modernes." Paris, Didier. First ed., 1862. Second ed., 1863.
- "La liberté de travail, l'association et la Democratie." Paris, Guillaumin, 1865.
- "Conferences populaires faites à l'asile de Vincennes." Paris, Hachette, 1866.
- 'Éléments d'économie rurale, industrielle et commerciale." Paris, Delagrave, 1868.
  - "Économie politique populaire." Paris, Hachette, 1869.
- "De l'enseignement moral et industriel en France et a l'étranger." Paris, Hachette, 1873.
  - "La famille et l'education en France." Paris, Didier, 1874.
- "Historie du luxe privé et public depuis l'antiqueté jusqu' a nos jours." 4 vols. Paris, Hachette, 1878-80.
- "Les populations agricoles de la France, La Normandie-passé et present." Paris, Hachette, 1880.
  - "Lectures choisies d'économie politique." Paris, Guillaumin, 1883.
- "Manuel d'education morale et d'instruction civique." Paris, Lecene et Oudin, 1885.
- "Les populations agricoles de la France. Normandie et Bretagne." Paris, Hachette, 1885.

The distinguished economist, Jean Gustav Courcelle-Seneuil, died at Paris on the twenty-ninth of June, 1892, at an advanced age. He was born at Senenil (Dordogne) on the twenty-second of December,

1813. He began life as a journalist, and wrote for La Revue Republicaine and other papers of a like character. In 1842 he gave up journalism to take charge of a manufacturing enterprise in his native district. After the revolution of 1848, he took up his residence again in Paris, and devoted himself to journalism and the study of economic problems, in which his writings had already won for him a distinguished place. The coup d'etat silenced the utterances of the republican journalist, and in 1855 he went to Santiago de Chile as Professor of Political Economy. In 1863 he returned to Paris and journalism. In 1879 he was appointed member of the Conseil d'Etat. In that capacity he made several important reports, such as those on bankruptcy, the conservation of historic and artistic memorials, and on the protection of abandoned and abused children. In 1882 he was made a member of the Institute. His literary activity covered more than half a century, and was continuous and prolific. He was a contributor to the Dictionnaire l'Économie politique, the Journal des Économistes, and other journals. His other publications were as follows:-

- "Lettres à Édouard sur les révolutions." 1833.
- "Le Crédit et la Banque, Étude sur les réformes à introduire dans l'organisation de la Banque de France et des banques départemenatles," contenant un exposé de la constitution des banques américaines, écossaises, ánglaises et françaises. Pagnerre, 1840.
- "Traité theorique et pratique d'économie politique." Hachette, 1858-59.
  - "Études sur la science sociale." Guillaumin, 1862.
- "Traite théorique et practique des opérations de banque." Guillaumin, 1867.
  - "Lecons élémentaires d'économie politique."
  - "Traités sommaire d'économie politique."
- "Manuel des affaires, ou Traité théorique et pratique des entreprises industrielles, commerciales et agricoles." Guillaumin, 1856.
- "Traité théorique et pratique d'économie politique." Fourth ed.,
  - "Agression de l'Espagne contre Chili." Dentu, 1866.
  - "Cours de comptabilité." Hachette, 4 vols., 1867.
- "La Banque libre, exposé des functions du commerce de banque et de leur application à l'agriculture," suite de divers ecrits de controverse sur la liberté des banques. Guillaumin, 1867.
- "Liberté et socialisme, ou discussion sur le principles de l'organisation du travail industriel." 1868.
- "L'heritage de la Révolution." Questions constitutionnelles. 1871.
  - "Précis de morale rationnelle." 1875.

- "Protection et libre-échange." 1879.
- "Préparation à l'étude du droit. Étude des principes." Guillaumin, 1887.
  - "Adam Smith." 1888.
  - "La Societé moderne;" étude morale et politique. 1892.

#### GERMANY.

Berlin.—Agricultural Institute. Dr. R. Kaerger has been appointed Privatdozent for Economics, with especial reference to agriculture and colonies. He was born 1858 at Breslau, and studied languistics at Leipzig 1877, and law at Breslau, Heidelberg, Berlin and Strassburg 1878–81. At the last named place he took his Doctor degree 1881. He spent some time as referendar, and in 1885 had the management of a large estate in Silesia. In 1886 he became interested in colonial questions, and spent two years in Brazil. On his return he studied at the Agricultural Institute in Berlin, and the year 1890–91 he spent in Africa as a director of the German East African Commercial Company. Late in 1891 he became Privatdozent as stated by a direct ministerial order. His publications include:

- "Zwangsrechte." Berlin, 1882.
- "Die Theorie über die juristische Natur des Urheberrechtes. Berlin, 1882.
  - "Die Lage der Hausweber in Weilerthal." Strassburg, 1886.
  - "Brasilianische Wirthschaftsbilder." Berlin, 1889.
  - "Die Sachsengängerei." Berlin, 1890.
- "Tangaland und die Kolonisation Deutsch-Ostafrikas." Berlin, 1892.

Leipzig.—Professor Karl Bücher, formerly of the Technical School at Karlsruhe, enters with the present semester on his duties as Ordinary Professor of Statistics and Political Economy at Leipzig.\*

Munich.—Dr. Walther Lotz, Honorary Professor of Political Economy at Munich, has recently been appointed Extraordinary Professor.†

Dr. Johann Alfons Renatus von Helferich, Emeritus Professor of Political Economy, died at Munich, June 8, 1892. He was born at Neuchâtel, Switzerland, 1817. He prepared for the University in Bavaria, and studied at Erlangen, and at Munich under v. Hermann. He became Privatdozent at Freiburg in 1843, Extraordinary Professor 1844, and Ordinary Professor 1847. In 1849 he was called to Tübingen; in 1860 to Göttingen; and 1869 to Munich. Here he continued his work until the latter part of 1890, when he retired. He

<sup>\*</sup> See Annals, October, 1890, Vol. i., p. 300.

<sup>†</sup> See Annals, September, 1891, Vol. ii., p. 257.

was a constant contributor to the Zeitschrift für die gesammte Staats-wissenschaft, and his published writings are to be found mainly in the pages of this journal and in other periodicals. They are devoted mainly to questions of taxation, currency and prices. We have also from his pen:

"Von den periodischen Schwankungen im Werthe der edlen Metalle von der Entdeckung Amerika's bis zum Jahr 1830." Nürnberg, 1843.